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Question 1

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A powdered mix was prepared according to the following working formula:

Digoxin	250 mg
Potassium chloride	1.5 g
Lactose	23.25g

What is the concentration of digoxin in the mixture?

Select one:

- ☐ 0.5%
- ☐ 0.2%
- ☒ 0.1%
- ☐ 1.8%
- ☐ 2.4%

Check

$$250 \text{ mg} = 0.25 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{total} = 25 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{Digoxin } 0.25 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{Digoxin concn} = \frac{0.25}{25} = 0.01 \text{ g in } 100 \text{ g}$$

$$= 1\%$$

Question 2

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What volume of water should a sample of 500 mg of potassium permanganate be dissolved in such that if 10 ml of the solution is diluted to 1 litre with purified water, the final concentration of potassium permanganate is 1 in 5,000?

Select one:

- ☐ 60ml
- ☐ 50ml
- ☒ 25ml
- ☐ 100ml
- ☐ 75ml

Check

$$\text{The final concentration} = \frac{1}{5,000} = 0.0002 \text{ g/ml}$$

$$\text{in 1 litre} = 0.2 \text{ g in } 1000 \text{ ml}$$

$$\therefore \text{in } 10 \text{ ml before diluted to } 1 \text{ L}$$

$$\text{it will be more concentrated}$$

$$\rightarrow 0.2 \text{ g in } 10 \text{ ml} = 0.02 \%$$

$\therefore$ the concentration of the initial we need is 0.02 g/ml

Sample of 500 mg $\text{KMnO}_4 = 0.5 \text{ g}$ KMnO_4

$$\frac{0.5 \text{ g}}{0.02 \text{ g/ml}} = 25 \text{ mL to dissolve in to get that concentration}$$

Question 3

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Chlorhexidine Gluconate Solution B.P. contains 50% w/v chlorhexidine gluconate.

What volume of Chlorhexidine Gluconate Solution B.P. should be added to 200 mL of a lotion so that the final concentration of chlorhexidine gluconate in the lotion is 0.05%?

Select one:

- ☐ 1ml
- ☒ 0.2ml
- ☐ 0.1ml
- ☐ 0.5ml
- ☐ 2ml

Check

Chlorhexidine gluconate
50% w/v

200 mL lotion

add 0.2 mL

0.05%

alligation

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} 50\% & 0.05\% & 0.05\% \\ \hline 0.05\% & 0.05\% & 0.05\% \\ \hline 0\% & 0.05\% & 0.05\% \end{array}$$

$$\text{Total parts} = 50$$

$$50 - 0.05\% = 49.95 \text{ parts of lotion } 0.1\%$$

$$\text{Final volume } \frac{49.95}{50} \times 200 \text{ mL} = 200 \text{ mL}$$

$$x = \frac{200}{49.95} = 200.2 \text{ mL}$$

$$\text{or - chlorhexidine gluconate required} = 0.05\% \text{ of } 200.2 \text{ mL}$$

$$= \frac{0.05}{100} \times 200.2 \text{ mL} = 0.1001 \text{ mL}$$

Question 4

Not complete

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If 400 ml of an aqueous solution containing 35% ethanol is mixed w/ 200 ml of a solution containing 60% ethanol & 5% glycerin (the rest being water), & the mixture made to a final volume of 1 L w/ water, what is the final concentration of ethanol?

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Select one:

- ☐ 16%
- ☐ 28%
- ☐ 14%
- ☐ 22%
- ☒ 26%

Check

$$\begin{aligned} \times 400 \text{ ml} - 35\% \text{ ethanol} &= 0.35 \text{ g/ml} \times 400 \text{ ml} \\ &= 140 \text{ g in } 400 \text{ ml} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \times 200 \text{ ml} - 60\% \text{ ethanol} &= 0.6 \text{ g/ml} \times 200 \text{ ml} \\ &= 120 \text{ g in } 200 \text{ ml} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \times \text{total} &= 140 \text{ g} + 120 \text{ g} \\ &= 260 \text{ g in } 1000 \text{ mL} \\ &= 0.26 \text{ g/ml} \times 100 \\ &= \underline{26\% \text{ w/v}} \end{aligned}$$

Question 5

Not complete

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A solution for injection was made by dissolving 4.5 g of sodium chloride (NaCl, M.Wt. 58.5) and 840 mg of sodium hydrogen carbonate (NaHCO₃, M.Wt. 84.0) in water and making to a final volume of 500 mL. If 20 mL of the solution was injected, how much sodium would be administered?

The molecular weights are as follows NaCl, 58.5, NaHCO₃, 84.0 and Na⁺, 23

Select one:

- ☐ 156mg
- ☐ 184mg
- ☒ 80mg
- ☐ 40mg
- ☐ 132mg

Check

- 4.5 g of sodium chloride

$$n = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{23}{58.5} = 0.393 \text{ mol} \times 4.5 \text{ g} = 1.77 \text{ g of Na}^+$$

- 840 mg of sodium hydrogen carbonate

$$n = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{23}{84} = 0.2738 \text{ mol} \times 0.84 \text{ g} = 0.23 \text{ g of Na}^+$$

$$\text{total Na}^+ = 1.77 \text{ g} + 0.23 \text{ g} = 2 \text{ g}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Final volume } 500 \text{ mL} &= 2 \text{ g in } 500 \text{ mL} \\ &= 0.004 \text{ g/mL concentration} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{in } 20 \text{ mL} &= 0.04 \text{ g/mL} \times 20 \\ &= 0.08 \text{ g in } 20 \text{ mL} \\ &\text{or} \\ &= \underline{80 \text{ mg in } 20 \text{ mL}} \end{aligned}$$